LARGEST ECHO RESEARCH DATABASE **TO UNCOVER ANSWERS FOR** CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE.

World-leading data collection and research

MAKING AUSTRALIA THE BENCHMARK IN ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY DATABASES: The National Echo Database Australia (NEDA

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- Identifying risks of death associated with various cardiovascular diseases
- Automated for accuracy, simplicity and privacy Secure, professional with national medical and
- research oversight
- Linking and analysing data for better health outcomes



Analysis PC (Tableau, SPSS, Excel)



NEDA SERVER

*SECURE INTERNET CONNECTION (HTTPS)



WORKFLOW

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SECURE TRANSFER (SENT VIA HTTPS TO CLOUD)

Hospital Echo Database Backup

~NEDA IDENTIFIERS-ALITY STA **(HTTPS**) **Mortality Database**

BACKGROUND:

Epidemiological research from population-based cohort studies have shaped public health strategies. Echocardiography (echo) is one of the most commonly performed cardiac investigations in Australia, however there is limited epidemiological data quantifying cardiovascular risk for various echo measurements. From Medicare Australia data, 919,309 echos were processed in 2015, excluding State Government hospital echo data.

(AZURE VM)



SECURE TRANSFER

(SENT VIA HTTPS TO CLOUD) **Hospital Echo Database Backup**

- * Access to Identifiable patient data is restricted per user.
- ~ NEDA identifiers cannot be used to identify the patient outside of the NEDA System.

METHODOLOGY:

We have developed an

RESULTS:

Two complete echo databases

CONCLUSIONS:

Using novel database

AIMS:

To develop the National Echocardiography Database Australia (NEDA), capturing measurement data from digital echo labs across Australia, and to link this data with national death index (NDI). We seek to obtain mortality risk statistics for each cardiac abnormality studied.

architectural prototype and a "scraper" tool to retrieve every variable from each echo lab, including retrospective data. We identified 650 unique measurements obtained from a comprehensive echo exam. We wrote a unique data dictionary to account for differing variable names from different labs. Text was converted into variables using a parsing algorithm.

from different software vendors, have been scraped and combined totalling 307,656 echocardiograms collected between 2001 and 2015. Conversion of variable names and measurement units was performed to unify data formats. A total of 5,477,019 valid data points were collected, mean age 62.9+/-16.95.

engineering we combined two echo databases from different echo software manufacturers into one database containing over 300,000 individual echocardiograms. Phased rollout of NEDA to multiple sites is now planned along with linkage to the NDI, allowing large scale epidemiological research.